

Urban slum populations, by region and subregion, 1990–2014 (in thousands)

<i>Region or economies</i>	1990	1995	2000	2005	2007	2009	2014
Africa	88,086	98,695	110,841	147,591	148,870	153,243	202,515
Latin America and Caribbean	89,941	94,400	97,021	105,510	89,864	...	86,213
Asia-Pacific developing economies	370,426	402,184	422,425	433,136	432,028	431,121	439,528
East and North-East Asia	135,214	156,049	172,239	185,325	187,934	188,270	191,983
South-East Asia	68,837	72,409	73,680	70,463	68,941	70,735	72,770
South and South-West Asia	166,375	173,726	176,506	177,349	175,154	172,116	174,505
Lower-middle-income economies	221,057	231,575	235,365	232,882	228,844	226,164	225,639
Upper-middle-income economies	148,236	169,099	185,066	197,923	200,745	202,415	205,949

Source: ESCAP Statistical Database, <http://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSetCode=PAG> (accessed 21 January 2017).

Note: ... =no data. Calculated based on countries for which data are available (data not available for North and Central Asian and Pacific countries). Regional aggregates and world total might differ from related figures calculated by UN-Habitat due to differences in methods applied. ESCAP calculated figures should be considered low-range estimates.